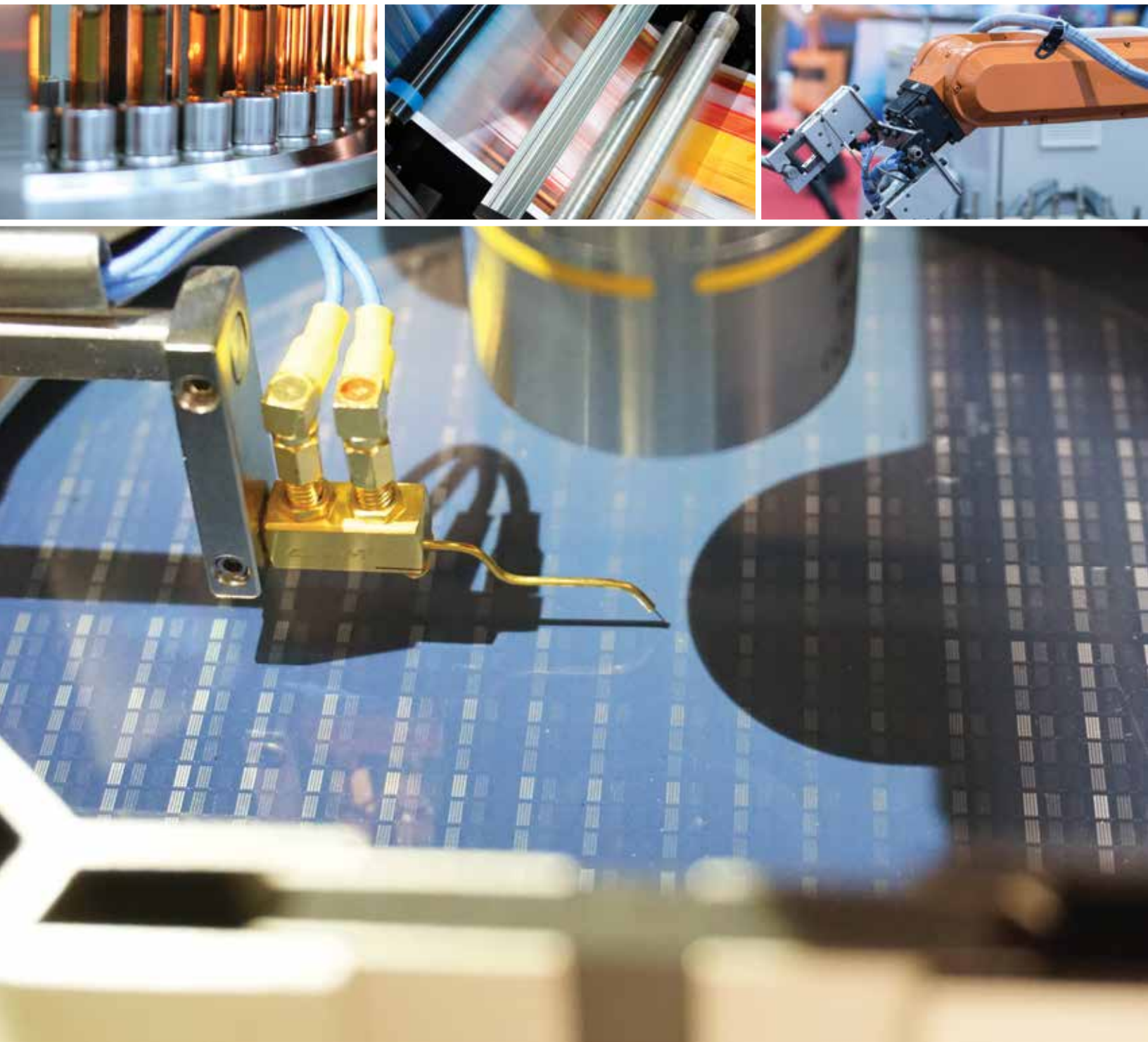
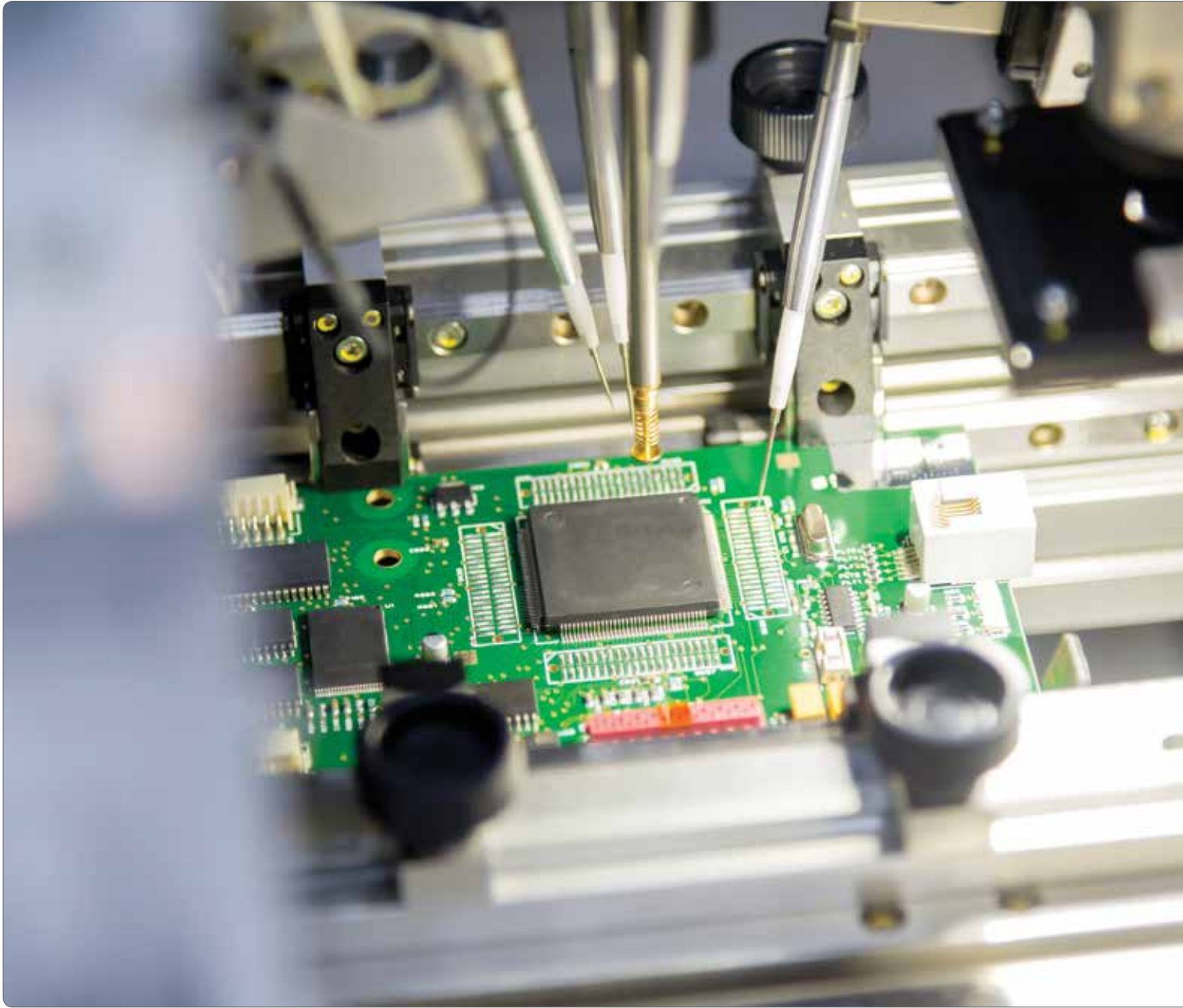


Fiber Optic Sensing Solutions







Contents

Fiber Amplifiers	4
General Purpose	6
Application Specific	8
Applications	10
Fiber Optics	16
Vantage Line	18
Array & Slot	20
Heavy Duty	22
Tight Bend	24
Retractable	25
Liquid Level	26
High Temperature	27

What is a Fiber Optic System?



Considerations for Choosing Fiber Optic Technology

Fiber Optic systems are comprised of a fiber amplifier and optical fibers. The amplifier, or sensor, emits, receives, and converts the light energy into an electrical signal. Individual fiber optic assemblies simply guide light from the amplifier to a sensing location, or from the sensing location back to the amplifier.

Think of an optical fiber as being similar to a garden hose: like a hose transports water, the fiber transports light from one end to the other.

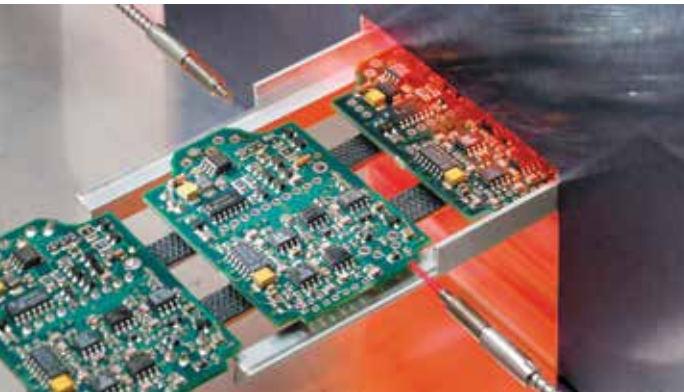
The main advantage of fiber optic sensors is the versatility. Fibers are typically used because of space constraints, hostile environments, or lack of power at the sensing location. Since the fiber amplifier is a separate piece, it can be mounted and powered remotely.

Banner Engineering has the largest portfolio of fiber optic assemblies in the Industry. We have over 1,000 different fibers to meet every space, environment and sensing requirement.

Typical Applications for Fiber Optics

- Punch presses
- Vibratory feeders
- Conveyors
- Pill counting
- Small object detection
- Leading edge detection
- Ovens
- Semiconductor processing equipment
- Robotic arms and moving machines
- Edge guiding
- Hazardous locations
- Final inspection stations

Why Fiber Optics?



Compact Size for Tight Sensing Locations

- The small size and flexibility allow positioning and mounting in tight spaces
- Plastic fiber optic assemblies are usually single strands of optical fiber and can be routed into extremely tight areas
- Plastic fibers also survive well under repeated flexing
- Pre-coiled plastic fiber optics are available for sensing applications on reciprocating mechanisms

Reliable Performance in Harsh or Explosive Environments

- Fibers can be constructed to survive in areas with corrosive material or extreme moisture and are immune to electrical noise
- Fiber optics contain no electrical circuitry and have no moving parts, so they can safely “pipe” light into and out of hazardous sensing locations
- Most glass fiber optic assemblies are very rugged and perform reliably in extreme temperatures
- Sheathing materials such as polypropylene, Teflon®, and stainless steel are used to shield both plastic and glass fiber optic assemblies in harsh environments
- Optical fibers are low in mass, enabling fiber optic assemblies to withstand high levels of vibration and mechanical shock



Flexibility to Meet a Wide Variety of Application Requirements

- Some fiber optics have bendable probes that can be optimally shaped to the physical and optical requirements of a specific application
- Specialty fibers are available for water detection, clear object detection, or for vacuum feed-through areas

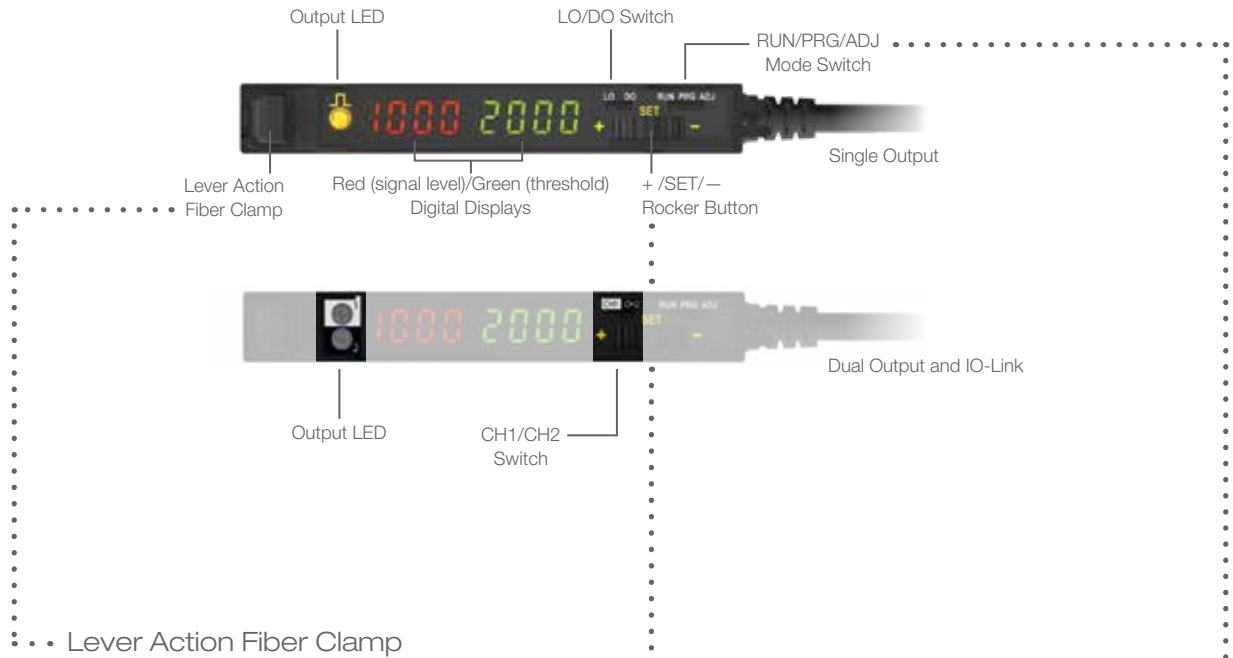
Overview of DF-G Series Amplifiers



- The DF-G Series is an easy-to-use DIN-rail-mountable fiber optic sensor.
- It provides high-performance sensing in low-contrast applications.
- The sensor's compact housing has dual digital displays (Red/Green) and a bright output LED for easy programming and status monitoring during operation.
- Specifications are available on page 15 or on www.bannerengineering.com

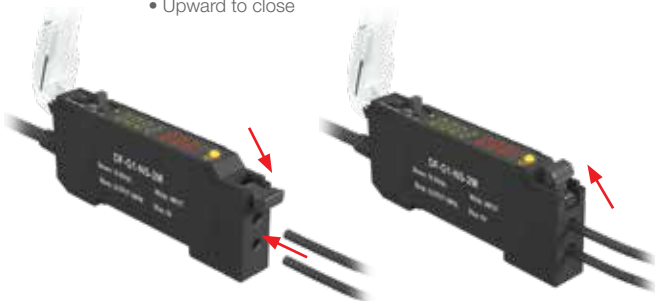
	DF-G1	DF-G2	DF-G3
Outputs	 Discrete	 Discrete	 Discrete and Analog
LED Colors			
IO-Link	 IO-Link®	 IO-Link®	 IO-Link®
Light Intensity Receiver			
Small Object Counting			
Extremely Fast Response Speed			
High Power			
Water Detection			

Simple user interface. Highly visible dual display. Easy sensor set up.



• • Lever Action Fiber Clamp

- Push lever downward to open
- Upward to close



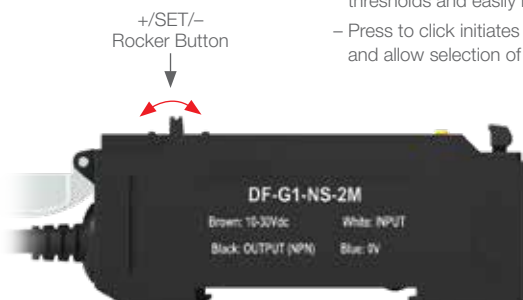
User Interface

- Light Operate and Dark Operate Slide Switch is easy to see and change the selection
- Run, Program and Adjust Mode Switch
 - RUN locks out changes
 - PROGRAM (PRG) allows for full sensor configuration
 - ADJUST (ADJ) enables threshold adjust and teaching



Rocker Button

- Three position Jog Switch
 - Rocker Switch (+) and (-) precisely adjusts thresholds and easily navigate menus
 - Press to click initiates Teach and SETs, and allow selection of displayed menu



General Purpose Amplifiers

DF-G1: Single Discrete Output

Sensing Beam Color	Connection	Range	NPN Model	PNP Model
Visible red	2 m	Range varies by response speed used, gain setting, target light source intensity, ambient light level and with fiber optics used.	DF-G1-NS-2M	DF-G1-PS-2M
	9 m		DF-G1-NS-9M	DF-G1-PS-9M
	150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M8 Pico connector, 4-pin		DF-G1-NS-Q3	DF-G1-PS-Q3
	150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M12 Euro QD connector, 4-pin		DF-G1-NS-Q5	DF-G1-PS-Q5
	Integral M8 Pico, 4-pin		DF-G1-NS-Q7	DF-G1-PS-Q7

DF-G2: High-Speed Single Discrete Output

Sensing Beam Color	Connection	Range	NPN Model	PNP Model
Visible red	2 m	Range varies by response speed used, gain setting, target light source intensity, ambient light level and with fiber optics used.	DF-G2-NS-2M	DF-G2-PS-2M
	9 m		DF-G2-NS-9M	DF-G2-PS-9M
	150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M8 Pico connector, 4-pin		DF-G2-NS-Q3	DF-G2-PS-Q3
	150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M12 Euro QD connector, 4-pin		DF-G2-NS-Q5	DF-G2-PS-Q5
	Integral M8 Pico, 4-pin		DF-G2-NS-Q7	DF-G2-PS-Q7

DF-G3: High-Power Single Discrete Output

Sensing Beam Color	Connection	Range	NPN Model	PNP Model
Visible red	2 m	Range varies by response speed used, gain setting, target light source intensity, ambient light level and with fiber optics used.	DF-G3-NS-2M	DF-G3-PS-2M
	9 m		DF-G3-NS-9M	DF-G3-PS-9M
	150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M8 Pico connector, 4-pin		DF-G3-NS-Q3	DF-G3-PS-Q3
	150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M12 Euro QD connector, 4-pin		DF-G3-NS-Q5	DF-G3-PS-Q5
	Integral M8 Pico, 4-pin		DF-G3-NS-Q7	DF-G3-PS-Q7

A model with a QD connector requires a mating cordset

DF-G3: High-Power Dual Independent Discrete Outputs

Sensing Beam Color	Connection	Range	NPN Model	PNP Model
Visible red	2 m	Range varies by response speed used, gain setting, target light source intensity, ambient light level and with fiber optics used.	DF-G3-ND-2M	DF-G3-PD-2M
	9 m		DF-G3-ND-9M	DF-G3-PD-9M
	150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M8 Pico connector, 5-pin		DF-G3-ND-Q3	DF-G3-PD-Q3
	150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M12 Euro QD connector, 5-pin		DF-G3-ND-Q5	DF-G3-PD-Q5
	Integral M8 Pico, 5-pin		DF-G3-ND-Q7	DF-G3-PD-Q7

DF-G3: High-Power One Analog and One Discrete Output

Sensing Beam Color	Connection	Analog Output	Range	NPN Model	PNP Model
Visible red	2 m	Voltage: 0-10 V DC	Range varies by response speed used, gain setting, target light source intensity, ambient light level and with fiber optics used.	DF-G3-NU-2M	DF-G3-PU-2M
	9 m	Voltage: 0-10 V DC		DF-G3-NU-9M	DF-G3-PU-9M
	150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M8 Pico, 5-pin	Voltage: 0-10 V DC		DF-G3-NU-Q3	DF-G3-PU-Q3
	150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M12 Euro, 5-pin	Voltage: 0-10 V DC		DF-G3-NU-Q5	DF-G3-PU-Q5
	Integral M8 Pico, 6-pin	Voltage: 0-10 V DC		DF-G3-NU-Q7	DF-G3-PU-Q7
Visible red	2 m	Current: 4-20 mA	Range varies by response speed used, gain setting, target light source intensity, ambient light level and with fiber optics used.	DF-G3-NI-2M	DF-G3-PI-2M
	9 m	Current: 4-20 mA		DF-G3-NI-9M	DF-G3-PI-9M
	150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M8 Pico, 5-pin	Current: 4-20 mA		DF-G3-NI-Q3	DF-G3-PI-Q3
	150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M12 Euro QD, 5-pin	Current: 4-20 mA		DF-G3-NI-Q5	DF-G3-PI-Q5
	Integral M8 Pico, 6-pin	Current: 4-20 mA		DF-G3-NI-Q7	DF-G3-PI-Q7

A model with a QD connector requires a mating cordset\

Application Specific Amplifiers

DF-G1 Light Intensity Receiver

Connection*	Range	NPN Models	PNP Models
2 m	Range varies by response speed used, gain setting, target light source intensity, ambient light level and with fiber optics used.	DF-G1-NR-2M	DF-G1-PR-2M

DF-G2 Small Object Counter

Connection*	Sensing Beam Color	Window Size	NPN Models	PNP Models**
2 m	Visible red	Determined by the fiber optic assembly	DF-G2-NC-2M	DF-G2-PC-2M

See page 20 for a sample of array fibers

DF-G2 Color LED

Connection*	Sensing Beam Color	Range	NPN Models	PNP Models
2 m	Infrared†	190% of Visible Red Range	DF-G2IR-NS-2M	DF-G2IR-PS-2M
2 m	Broad spectrum white	50% of Visible Red Range	DF-G2W-NS-2M	DF-G2W-PS-2M
2 m	Visible green	60% of Visible Red Range	DF-G2G-NS-2M	DF-G2G-PS-2M
2 m	Visible blue	70% of Visible Red Range	DF-G2B-NS-2M	DF-G2B-PS-2M

DF-G3 Water Detection

Connection*	Sensing Beam Color	Range††	Output	NPN Models	PNP Models
2 m	Long infrared (1450 nm)†	900 mm	Voltage: 0-10 V DC, Discrete	DF-G3LIR-NU-2M	DF-G3LIR-PU-2M
2 m	Long infrared (1450 nm)†	900 mm	Current: 4-20 mA, Discrete	DF-G3LIR-NI-2M	DF-G3LIR-PI-2M
2 m	Long infrared (1450 nm)†	900 mm	Single Discrete	DF-G3LIR-NS-2M	DF-G3LIR-PS-2M
2 m	Long infrared (1450 nm)†	900 mm	Dual Discrete	DF-G3LIR-ND-2M	DF-G3LIR-PD-2M

A model with a QD connector requires a mating cordset

* Connector options:

- For 9 m cable, change the suffix **2M** to **9M** in the 2 m model number (example, **DF-G3LIR-NU-9M**)
- For 150 mm (6 in) PVC, M8 Pico QD connector, 4-pin change the suffix **2M** to **Q3** in the 2 m model number (example, **DF-G3LIR-NU-Q3**)
- For 150 mm (6 in) PVC, M12 Euro QD connector, 4-pin change the suffix **2M** to **Q5** in the 2 m model number (example, **DF-G3LIR-NU-Q5**)
- For integral M8 Pico QD connector, 4-pin change the suffix **2M** to **Q7** in the 2 m model number (example, **DF-G3LIR-NU-Q7**)

** Includes Health Mode Output

† Excess gain = 1, Long Range response speed, opposed mode sensing. PIT46U plastic fiber used for visible LED models, IT.83.3ST5M6 glass fiber used for IR model

†† IR models require T5 terminated glass fiber optic cables



DF-G Fiber Amplifiers with IO-Link

The DF-G Series has a simple user interface to ensure easy sensor set-up and programming via displays and switches/buttons, remote input teach wire or IO-Link.

DF-G1

Connection*	Sensing Beam Color	Range	Output	Model*
150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M12 Euro, 5-pin	Visible red	Range varies by Speed Selection used and with fiber optics used	Dual complementary outputs: - 1 push-pull (IO-Link) - 1 PNP	DF-G1-KS-Q5

DF-G2

Connection*	Sensing Beam Color	Range**	Channel 1 Output	Channel 2 Output	Model*
150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M12 Euro, 5-pin	Visible red	1100 mm	IO-Link, push/pull	PNP only, or input	DF-G2-KD-Q5
150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M12 Euro, 5-pin	Infrared†	2100 mm	IO-Link, push/pull	PNP only, or input	DF-G2IR-KD-Q5

DF-G3

Connection*	Sensing Beam Color	Range**	Channel 1 Output	Channel 2 Output	Model*
150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M12 Euro, 5-pin	Visible red	3000 mm	IO-Link, push/pull	PNP only, or input	DF-G3-KD-Q5
150 mm (6 in) PVC pigtail, M12 Euro, 5-pin	Infrared†	6000 mm	IO-Link, push/pull	PNP only, or input	DF-G3IR-KD-Q5

A model with a QD connector requires a mating cordset

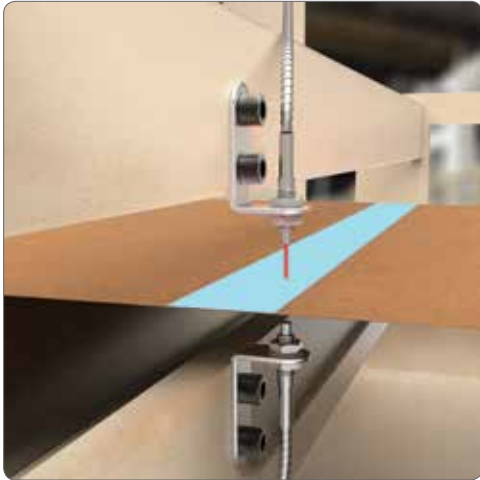
* Connector options:

- For 2 m cable, change the suffix **Q5** to **2M** in the **Q5** model number (example, **DF-G3-KD-9M**)
- For 9 m cable, change the suffix **Q5** to **9M** in the **Q5** model number (example, **DF-G3-KD-9M**)
- For 150 mm (6 in) PVC, M8 Pico QD connector, 4-pin change the suffix **Q5** to **Q3** in the **Q5** model number (example, **DF-G3-KD-Q3**)
- For integral M8 Pico QD connector, 4-pin change the suffix **Q5** to **Q7** in the **Q5** model number (example, **DF-G3-KD-Q7**)

** Excess gain = 1, Long Range response speed, opposed mode sensing, **PIT46U** plastic fiber used for visible LED models, **IT.83.3ST5M6** glass fiber used for IR model

† IR models require T5 terminated glass fiber optic cables

Fiber Optic Applications



Web Monitoring/Splice Detection

Challenge

- Material texture, color, or finish vary
- Dusty environment
- Easy setup

Key Features

- Variety of opposed mode fiber arrays for edge guiding
- High excess gain with auto thresholding
- Option for mid-point teach mode

Featured Solution

Amplifier: DF-G2-PS-2M

Fiber: PIT43TSL5-VL

Key Benefits

- Opposed mode fiber arrays minimize effects of changing textures, colors, or transparencies
- Able to burn through dust and compensate for dust that settles on fibers
- Mid-point teach learns the optimal web position with an easy single-point teach



Liquid Level Detection

Challenge

- Detect liquid level in transparent or different color vials and bottles
- Limited space to mount a sensor

Key Features

- Detect water-based liquids inside translucent or opaque plastic and glass containers
- Compatible with standard glass fibers with T5 termination

Featured Solution

Amplifier: DF-G3LIR-PS-2M

(Water Detection Sensor)

Fiber: IT43ST5-VL (pair)

Key Benefits

- Reduce product waste by detecting under-filled vials early in the packaging process
- Quick and simple installation with many small fiber optic bundle styles to choose from



Light Intensity Detection

Challenge

- Verify correct assembly and function of automotive indicator lights

Key Features

- Designed to detect light emission from a wide variety of sources - 410 nm to near infrared

Featured Solution

Amplifier: DF-G1-PR-Q5

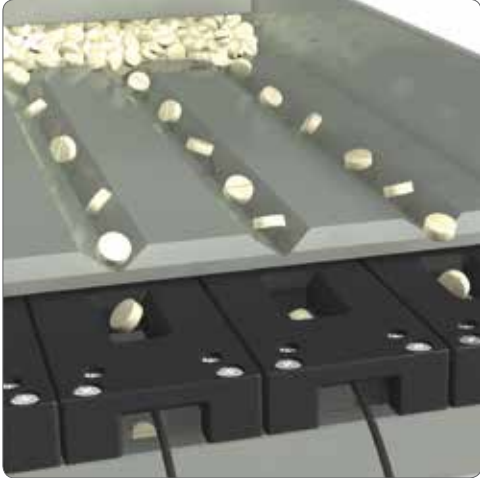
Fiber: PIT46U-VL

Key Benefits

- Quality improvement and return reduction
- Quick and simple installation with many small fiber optic bundle styles to choose from

Related Applications

- Appliance lighting
- LED indicators on equipment
- Window tint verification
- Dashboard lighting verification



High-Speed Small Object Detection

Challenge

- Tablets move at high speed
- Small tablets are hard to detect

Featured Solution

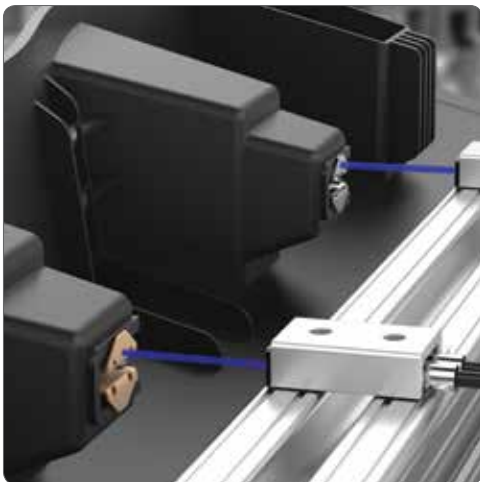
Amplifier: DF-G2-PC-2M (small object counter)
Fiber: PFCVA-10X25-E

Key Features

- Automatic Gain Compensation (AGC) algorithm compensates for dust build-up on fiber optics
- Fiber optic array can detect objects as small as 2 mm in diameter

Key Benefits

- Increase the time between scheduled maintenance by extending the counting cycle and maintain count accuracy as dust increases during production
- Improve process flexibility by detecting even the smallest tablet in a large 40 mm area



Blue LEDs for Low Contrast Detection

Challenge

- Detecting presence and correct clips used in a door panel assembly

Featured Solution

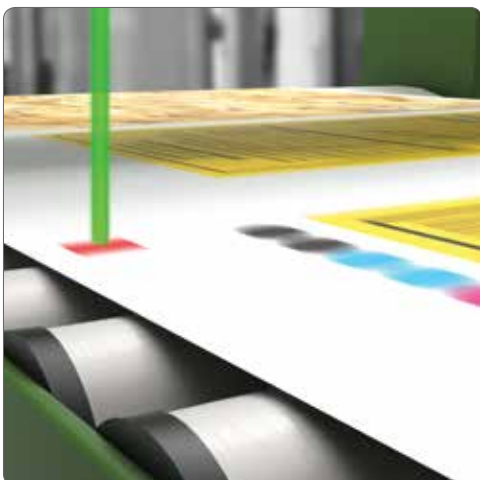
Amplifier: DF-G2B-PS-Q5 (Blue LED)
Fiber: PBL46U

Key Features

- Blue LED optimal for detecting silver and gold clips in place
- Can easily differentiate and verify correct color clip used since gold clips reflect less blue light than silver

Key Benefits

- Highly reliable and cost-effective solution to reduce errors and rejects
- Diffuse lensed fibers provide small, bright spot



Green LEDs for Registration Mark Detection

Challenge

- Accurately detect red registration mark on roll of packaging
- Product passes at high speed

Featured Solution

Amplifier: DF-G2G-PS-2M
Fiber: PBT23U-VL

Key Features

- 10 μ s response time

Key Benefits

- Green LED creates optimal contrast with red registration mark



High Temperature – Leading Edge Detection

Challenge

- Temperature is above the limit for most plastic fibers

Featured Solution

Amplifier: DF-G1-PS-Q3

Fiber: One pair of IT46ST5-VL

Key Features

- Glass fiber assemblies are suitable for high temp applications up to 249° C
- Stainless steel sheathing protects cable jacket from abrasion and high temperature

Key Benefits

- Thermal process applications
- For sensing near manufacturing ovens
- Manufacturing of solar panels, colored glass and ceramics
- Widest selection of plastic and glass fibers for high temp applications



Long-Range Detection in a Hazardous/Dirty Area

Challenge

- Detecting correct product placement in harsh environment, fibers get coated in oil and dirt
- Cables can be abraded or cut

Featured Solution

Amplifier: DF-G3-PS-Q5

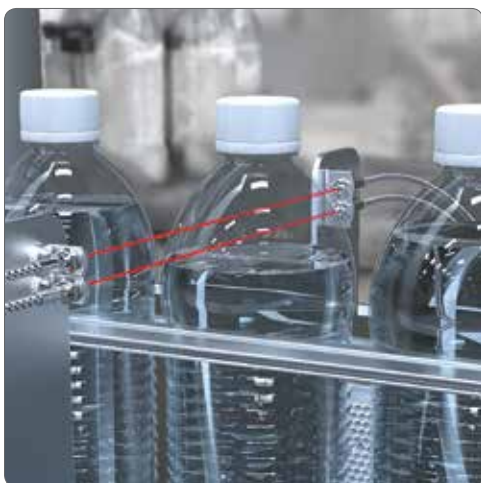
Fiber: PIT46TMB5

Key Features

- With extended range of DF-G3 amplifier, fibers can be placed much farther away and still reliably detect correct positioning

Key Benefits

- No build-up of dirt and oil on fiber amplifier because it is out of the area
- STEEL SKIN fibers offer protection to the cabling



Fill Level Detection – Water Bottles

Challenge

- Difficult to consistently detect the top edge of clear water in a variety of bottles

Featured Solution

Amplifier: Two DF-G3LIR-PS-2M

Fiber: Two pairs of IT43ST5-VL with L2 Lens

Key Features

- Banner's DF-G3LIR water sensor employs a unique LED that can clearly detect water-based liquids

Key Benefits

- Regardless of the bottle color or texture, the DF-G3LIR water sensors will see the clear water-based liquids inside



Precise Positioning

Challenge

- Detect leading edge of board to trigger adhesive application
- Then verify that adhesive was applied properly to trays of IC chips

Key Features

- Fast response speed
- Small spot size

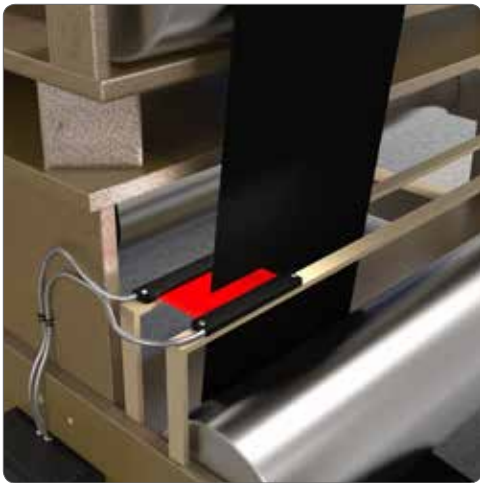
Featured Solution

Amplifier: Two DF-G3-PD-2M

Fiber: Two PBT23UM4-VL Diffuse Reflective

Key Benefits

- Accurate leading edge detection
- Prevents product waste by assuring glue was applied



Edge Guiding

Challenge

- Incorrect winding causes major issues with assembly and increased downtime to fix the film

Key Features

- Compact fibers can sense very slight changes in position

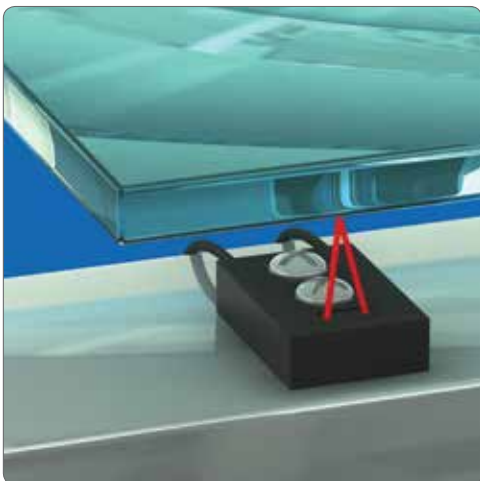
Featured Solution

Amplifier: DF-G3-PU-Q5

Fiber: PGIRS66U-100

Key Benefits

- The DF-G3 fiber optic amplifier used with plastic array fibers detects the edges of the film and guides it into proper position



Detecting Presence of Clear Photomask – Semiconductor Manufacturing

Challenge

- Clear object in a confined space

Key Features

- Convergent Beam Fiber can detect glass regardless of color or transparency
- Form factor (right angle) of fiber fits in a confined space
- 6 mm focus point with tight depth of field

Featured Solution

Amplifier: DF-G1-PS-Q7

Fiber: P32-C6

Key Benefits

- Solution is extremely robust based on optical contrast

Fiber Amplifier Accessories



SA-DIN-BRACKET
to mount DF-G without DIN rail



SA-DIN-CLAMP
end clamps for DIN rail



DIN-35-70: 70 mm
DIN-35-105: 105 mm
DIN-35-140: 140 mm
DIN-35-180: 180 mm
DIN-35-220: 220 mm

pre-cut DIN Rail



4-pin Euro QD
(for ..Q5 models)

Straight connector models listed; for right-angle, add **RA** to the end of the model number (ex, **MQDC-406RA**)

MQDC-406
2 m (6')
MQDC-415
5 m (15')
MQDC-430
9 m (30')



5-pin Euro QD
(for ..Q5 models)

Straight connector models listed; for right-angle, add **RA** to the end of the model number (ex, **MQDC1-506RA**)

MQDC1-506
2 m (6')
MQDC1-515
5 m (15')
MQDC1-530
9 m (30')



4-Pin Pico QD
(for ..Q7 and ..Q3 models)

Straight snap-lock coupling

PKG4-2
2 m (6')
PKG4-5
2 m (15')



5-Pin Threaded Pico QD
(for ..Q7 and ..Q3 models)

Threaded straight connector

PKG5M-2
2 m (6')
PKG5M-5
5 m (15')
PKG5M-9
9 m (30')

Pico QD (for ..Q7 and ..Q3 models)
Right-angle snap-lock coupling

PKW4Z-2
2 m (6')
PKW4Z-5
2 m (15')

Pico QD (for ..Q7 and ..Q3 models)
Threaded right-angle connector

PKW5M-2
2 m (6')
PKW5M-5
5 m (15')
PKW5M-9
9 m (30')



6-Pin Pico QD
(for ..Q7 and ..Q3 models)

Straight snap-lock coupling

PKG6Z-2
2 m (6')
PKG6Z-9
9 m (30')



4-Pin Threaded Pico QD
(for ..Q7 and ..Q3 models)

Threaded straight connector

PKG4M-2
2 m (6')
PKG4M-5
2 m (15')
PKG4M-9
9 m (30')

Pico QD (for ..Q7 and ..Q3 models)
Right-angle snap-lock coupling

PKW6Z-2
2 m (6')
PKW6Z-9
9 m (30')

Pico QD (for ..Q7 and ..Q3 models)
Threaded right-angle connector

PKW4M-2
2 m (6')
PKW4M-5
2 m (15')
PW4MM-9
9 m (30')



Specifications

DF-G1

Supply Voltage and Current	NPN/PNP Models: 10 to 30 V dc (10% max ripple) IO-Link Models: 18 to 30 V dc (10% max ripple) Standard Mode: 960 mW, Current consumption < 40 mA @ 24 V dc ECO Display Mode: 720 mW, Current consumption < 30 mA @ 24 V dc
Indicators	Red 4-digit Display: Signal Level Green 4-digit Display: Threshold Yellow LED: Output conducting (In Program Mode, Red and Green displays are used for programming menus)
Output Configuration	NPN/PNP Models: 1 current sourcing (PNP) or 1 current sinking (NPN) output, depending on model IO-Link Models: 1 push-pull and 1 PNP (complementary outputs)
Output Response Time	High Speed: 200 us Standard: 500 us Long Range: 2 ms Extra Long Range: 5 ms Light receiver models: 50 ms, 150 ms
Certifications	  

DF-G2

Supply Voltage and Current	NPN/PNP Models: 10 to 30 V dc (10% max ripple) IO-Link Models: 18 to 30 V dc (10% max ripple) Standard Mode: 960 mW, Current consumption < 40 mA @ 24 V dc ECO Display Mode: 720 mW, Current consumption < 30 mA @ 24 V dc		
Indicators	Red 4-digit Display: Signal Level Green 4-digit Display: Threshold Yellow LED: Output conducting (In Program Mode, Red and Green displays are used for programming menus)		
Output Configuration	1 current sourcing (PNP) or 1 current sinking (NPN) output, depending on model, plus 1 Health Mode output (small object counter only) IO-Link Models: 1 push-pull and 1 PNP (independently configurable)		
Output Response Time	Super High Speed: 10 µs High Speed: 15 µs Fast: 50 µs Medium Range: 500 µs DF-G2 Small Object Counter: 25 µs 50 µs 150 µs 250 µs 500 µs Long Range with immunity to Energy Efficient Lights: 2,000 µs		
Certifications	  		

DF-G3

Supply Voltage and Current	NPN/PNP Models: 10 to 30 V dc (10% max ripple) IO-Link Models: 18 to 30 V dc (10% max ripple) Standard Mode: 960 mW, Current consumption < 40 mA @ 24 V dc Voltage output models: 12 to 30 V dc (10% max ripple) Current output models: 10 to 30 V dc (10% max ripple) ECO Display Mode: 720 mW, Current consumption < 30 mA @ 24 V dc
Indicators	Red 4-digit Display: Signal Level Green 4-digit Display: Threshold Yellow LED: Output conducting (In Program Mode, Red and Green displays are used for programming menus)
Output Configuration	NPN/PNP Models: 1 current sourcing (PNP) or 1 current sinking (NPN) output, depending on model IO-Link Models: 1 push-pull and 1 PNP (independently configurable) Voltage output models: 1 analog voltage output (user configurable as 1 V to 5 V or 0 V to 10 V) with 1 current sinking (NPN) or 1 current sourcing (PNP) discrete output Current output models: 1 analog current output (4 mA to 20 mA) with 1 current sinking (NPN) or 1 current sourcing (PNP) discrete output
Output Response Time	High Speed: 500 us Fast: 1000 us Standard: 2 ms Long Range: 8 ms Extra Long Range: 24 ms
Certifications	  

Fiber Optics

What Are Fiber Optics?

Fiber optics are used to transmit light energy over long distances. Optical fibers are thin, transparent strands of optical quality glass or plastic that can be as thin as a strand of hair. In photoelectric sensing, these fibers are used to transmit and/or receive light from the LED of a sensor.

Plastic Fiber Optic Assemblies

Plastic fiber optics usually have a large, monofilament core which comes in a single strand of fiber optic.

Advances in LED technology have improved the performance and range of plastic fiber optic sensing systems to the point that they are nearly equivalent to glass fibers. Plastic fibers are a versatile, cost-effective choice for many fiber optic sensing applications.

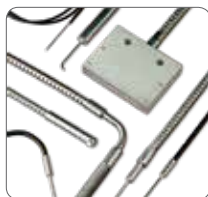


Advantages:

- Less expensive
- Allow less signal attenuation
- More flexible
- Survive well under repeated flexing
- Can be cut to length in the field
- Can be routed into extremely tight areas

Glass Fiber Optic Assemblies

Most glass fiber optic assemblies are very rugged and perform reliably in extreme temperatures, corrosive or vacuum chamber environments. Glass fiber optic assemblies can transmit both visible and infrared light, where plastic fiber optics can only transmit visible light. A common problem experienced with glass fibers is breakage of the individual strands resulting from sharp bending or continued flexing, as occurs on reciprocating mechanisms. Banner glass fibers with a T5 connection are compatible with DF-G plastic amplifiers.



Advantages

- Powerful and very rugged
- Can carry infrared light to provide longer range
- Reliable in extreme temperatures and harsh environments

A full line of glass fibers and compatible amplifiers are available on www.bannerengineering.com



Vantage Line

See page 18

Problem solving fibers that solve a majority of common applications. Most models feature a PVC overmolded flex relief.



Array & Slot

See page 20

Array fibers are ideal for small part counting and detecting objects at any point in the sensing area. Slot fibers are ideal for web guiding and edge detection.



Heavy Duty

See page 22

Heavy duty fiber models resist kinking, cutting and abrasion and are ideal for places where the fibers are exposed to repeated stress.



Tight Bend

See page 24

Able to be bent to a tight radius for limited space set-ups and difficult-to-access locations.



Retractable

See page 25

Designed for linear motion applications where the fiber is repeatedly moved back and forth. The cable is coiled and can offer a full range of movement without a tangle of loose cable.



Liquid Level

See page 26

Easily detect liquids with tube mounted fiber assemblies, special wavelength infrared light, or liquid probes.



High Temperature

See page 27

Glass fibers specially terminated for use in the DF-G Fiber Amplifiers. Can withstand temperatures up to 315 °C – much higher than plastic fibers. For thermal process applications, areas near ovens or high heat.



Accessories

See page 28

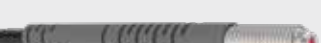
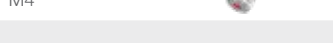
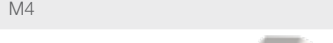
Screw on lenses to focus the light beam are available for a variety of fibers. Also available are special brackets for mounting and fiber cutters to custom fit fiber cables to the application.



Vantage Line Fibers

- OEM friendly packaging
- Opposed models come as a pair
- No fiber cutter included

Opposed Fibers

Fiber Head	Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Typical Range* (mm)	Fiber Length	Model
 M6	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • Integrated glass lens • 20 mm spot size at 100 mm • Threaded Stainless steel	15 mm	DF-G1 1260	1 m	PITL23UM6-VL
			DF-G2 1760		PITL26UM6-VL
			DF-G3 4000	2 m	
 M4	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • Integrated glass lens • 30 mm spot size at 100 mm • Threaded Stainless steel	15 mm	DF-G1 670	1 m	PITL23UM4-VL
			DF-G2 1765		PITL26UM4-VL
			DF-G3 4000	2 m	
 M3	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • 0.5 mm core diameter • Threaded nickel plated brass	15 mm	DF-G1 80	1 m	PIT23U-VL
			DF-G2 205		PIT26U-VL
			DF-G3 750	2 m	
 M4	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • 0.5 mm core diameter • Threaded nickel plated brass • M2.6 threaded lens mount	15 mm	DF-G1 65	1 m	PIT23UM4-VL
			DF-G2 170		PIT26UM4-VL
			DF-G3 630	2 m	
 M3	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • 1 mm core diameter • Threaded nickel plated brass	25 mm	DF-G1 245	1 m	PIT43UM3-VL
			DF-G2 640		PIT46UM3-VL
			DF-G3 2320	2 m	
 M4	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • 1 mm core diameter • Threaded nickel plated brass • M2.6 threaded lens mount	25 mm	DF-G1 220	1 m	PIT43U-VL
			DF-G2 590		PIT46U-VL
			DF-G3 2140	2 m	
 M4	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • 1 mm core diameter • Threaded Stainless Steel • M2.6 threaded lens mount	25 mm	DF-G1 170	1 m	PIAT43UTA-VL
			DF-G2 455		PIAT46UTA-VL
			DF-G3 1660	2 m	
 M4	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • 1 mm core diameter • Threaded Stainless Steel • M2.6 threaded lens mount	2 mm	DF-G1 190	1 m	PIAT43UHFTA-VL
			DF-G2 500		PIAT46UHFTA-VL
			DF-G3 1850	2 m	
 M4	• Stainless monocoil jacket • 1 mm core diameter • Threaded Stainless Steel • M2.6 threaded lens mount	25 mm	DF-G1 240	1 m	PIT43TSL5-VL
			DF-G2 630		PIT46TSL5-VL
			DF-G3 2300	2 m	
 M4	• Stainless monocoil jacket • 1 mm core diameter • Threaded Stainless Steel • M2.6 threaded lens mount	25 mm	DF-G1 60	1 m	PIAT43TSL5TA-VL
			DF-G2 150		PIAT46TSL5TA-VL
			DF-G3 560	2 m	
 PIR1X323T-VL	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • 30 x 0.25 mm core diameter • Plastic housing • Smallest detectable object 2 mm** • 14.5 mm wide sensing area	60 mm	DF-G1 230	1 m	PIR1X323T-VL
			DF-G2 600		PIR1X326T-VL
			DF-G3 2180	2 m	

 Cut to custom length

* Typical range shown is with a 2 m model

** Smallest detectable object achievable with emitter and receiver spaced 50 mm apart

Diffuse Fibers

Fiber Head	Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Typical Range* (mm)	Fiber Length	Model
 M3	- Plastic fiber with flex relief 0.5 mm core diameter - Threaded nickel plated brass	15 mm	DF-G1 25	1 m	PBT23U-VL
			DF-G2 70		PBT26U-VL
			DF-G3 250	2 m	
 M4	- Plastic fiber with flex relief 0.5 mm core diameter - Threaded nickel plated brass	15 mm	DF-G1 25	1 m	PBT23UM4-VL
			DF-G2 60		PBT26UM4-VL
			DF-G3 230	2 m	
 M6	- Plastic fiber with flex relief 1 mm core diameter - Threaded nickel plated brass	25 mm	DF-G1 75	1 m	PBT43U-VL
			DF-G2 200		PBT46U-VL
			DF-G3 715	2 m	
 M6	- Plastic fiber with flex relief 1 mm core diameter - Threaded Stainless Steel	25 mm	DF-G1 45	1 m	PBAT43UTA-VL
			DF-G2 120		PBAT46UTA-VL
			DF-G3 440	2 m	
 M6	- Plastic fiber with flex relief 1 mm core diameter - Threaded Stainless Steel	2 mm	DF-G1 55	1 m	PBAT43UHFTA-VL
			DF-G2 140		PBAT46UHFTA-VL
			DF-G3 520	2 m	
 M6	- Stainless monocoil jacket 1 mm core diameter - Threaded Stainless Steel	25 mm	DF-G1 80	1 m	PBT43TSL5-VL
			DF-G2 200		PBT46TSL5-VL
			DF-G3 740	2 m	
 M6	- Stainless monocoil jacket 1 mm core diameter - Threaded Stainless Steel	25 mm	DF-G1 30	1 m	PBAT43TSL5TA-VL
			DF-G2 90		PBAT46TSL5TA-VL
			DF-G3 315	2 m	
 PBR1X	- Plastic fiber with flex relief 32 x 0.25 mm core diameter - Plastic housing - Smallest detectable object 1 mm** 14.5 mm wide sensing area	25 mm	DF-G1 55	1 m	PBR1X323U-VL
			DF-G2 140		PBR1X326U-VL
			DF-G3 515	2 m	

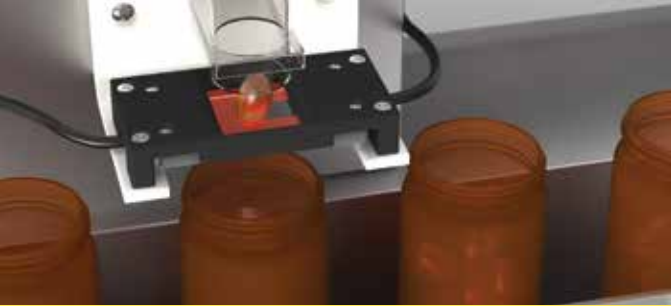
 Cut to custom length

* Typical range shown is with a 2 m model

** Smallest detectable object measured using a metal pin with BRT-92x92CB retro-reflector placed 50 mm from fiber face

Plastic Fiber Cutter



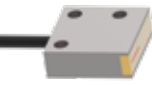


Array and Slot Fibers

- Small part counting applications
- Edge guiding applications
- Quick and easy setup and alignment

Opposed Fibers



Fiber Head	Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Typical Range* (mm)	Fiber Length	Model
	• Sold as a pre-mounted pair • 16 x 0.25 mm core diameter • Smallest detectable object 3 mm** • Sensing area 25 x 25 mm	5 mm	25	2 m	PFCVA-25X25-E
	• Sold as a pre-mounted pair • 16 x 0.25 mm core diameter • Smallest detectable object 1.5 mm** • Sensing area 10 x 25 mm	5 mm	25	2 m	PFCVA-10X25-S
	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • Sold as a pair • Plastic housing • Smallest detectable object 2 mm** • 14.5 mm wide sensing area	60 mm	DF-G1 230 DF-G2 600 DF-G3 2180	1 m  2 m	PIR1X323T-VL PIR1X326T-VL
	• Sold as a pair • Protective die-cast zinc housing • Smallest detectable object 1.5 mm** • 40 mm wide sensing area	40 mm	DF-G1 220 DF-G2 570 DF-G3 2090	2 m 	PGIRS66U-40
	• Sold as a pair • Protective die-cast zinc housing • Smallest detectable object 3 mm** • 100 mm wide sensing area	40 mm	DF-G1 220 DF-G2 570 DF-G3 2090	2 m 	PGIRS66U-100
	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • Sold as a pair • Metal housing • Smallest detectable object 1.25 mm** • 40 mm wide sensing area	60 mm	DF-G1 215 DF-G2 560 DF-G3 2045	2 m 	PIRSL1X326T5-40
	• Sold as a pair • Aluminium housing • Smallest detectable object 0.5 mm** • Ideal for compact web guiding • 5.25 mm wide sensing area	5 mm	DF-G1 190 DF-G2 495 DF-G3 1800	2 m 	PIRS1X166U
	• Sold as a pair • Aluminium housing • Smallest detectable object 0.75 mm** • Ideal for compact web guiding • 5.25 mm wide sensing area	5 mm	DF-G1 185 DF-G2 485 DF-G3 1770	2 m 	PIRS1X166U

 Cut to custom length

* Typical range shown is with a 2 m model

** Smallest detectable object achievable with emitter and receiver spaced 50 mm apart

Diffuse Fibers



Fiber Head	Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Typical Range* (mm)	Fiber Length	Model	
	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • Plastic housing • Smallest detectable object 1 mm • 14.5 mm wide sensing area	25 mm	DF-G1 55	1 m	PBR1X323U-VL	
			DF-G2 140		2 m	PBR1X326U-VL
			DF-G3 515			
	• Aluminum housing • Smallest detectable object 0.25 mm** • 10.9 mm wide sensing area	5 mm	DF-G1 60	2 m	PBR1X326U	
			DF-G2 160			
			DF-G3 575			
	• Aluminium housing • Smallest detectable object 0.25 mm** • 10.9 mm wide sensing area	5 mm	DF-G1 50	2 m	PBRSL1X326U	
			DF-G2 125			
			DF-G3 450			
	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • Metal housing • Smallest detectable object 0.25 mm** • 20 mm wide sensing area	25 mm	DF-G1 30	2 m	PBRSL1X326U	
			DF-G2 75			
			DF-G3 275			

 Cut to custom length

* Typical range shown is with a 2 m model

** Smallest detectable object measured using a metal pin with BRT-92x92CB retro-reflector placed 50mm from fiber face

Slot Fibers

Fiber Head	Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Slot Width (mm)	Fiber Length	Model
	- Plastic fiber with flex relief - Metal housing 32 beams - Ideal for edge guiding	60 mm	20 mm	2 m 	PDIRS1X326T5-20
	- Plastic housing - Single beam	2 mm	12 mm	2 m 	PDIS46UM12
	- Plastic housing - Single beam	8 mm	5 mm	2 m 	PDIS16UM5

 Cut to custom length



Heavy Duty Fibers

- Resist kinking, cutting and snagging
- Opposed models come as a pair
- STEELSKIN sheathing allows for protection with a tight bend radius

Opposed Fibers

Fiber Head	Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Typical Range* (mm)	Fiber Length	Model
 M4	• Plastic fiber • 1 mm core diameter • STEELSKIN sheathing • Threaded Stainless steel • M2.6 threaded lens mount	12 mm	DF-G1 175	1 m	PIAT43TMB5
			DF-G2 460		
			DF-G3 1690	2 m	PIAT46TMB5
	• Plastic fiber • 1 mm core diameter • STEELSKIN sheathing • Stainless steel Ferrule tip	12 mm	DF-G1 185	1 m	PIF43TMB5
			DF-G2 490		
			DF-G3 1780	2 m	PIF46TMB5
	• Plastic fiber • 1 mm core diameter • STEELSKIN sheathing • 51 mm Stainless steel side-view probe	12 mm	DF-G1 125	1 m	PIPS43TMB5
			DF-G2 330		
			DF-G3 1200	2 m	PIPS46TMB5
	• Plastic fiber • Smallest detectable object 1 mm** • STEELSKIN sheathing • Aluminium side-view array • 10 mm wide sensing area	12 mm	DF-G1 210	1 m	PIRS1X163TMB5M.4
			DF-G2 555		
			DF-G3 2025	2 m	PIRS1X166TMB5M.4
	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • Smallest detectable object 3.5 mm** • STEELSKIN sheathing • Plastic side-view array • 56 mm wide sensing area	12 mm	DF-G1 190		
			DF-G2 490	2 m	PIRS1X166TMB5M2
			DF-G3 1800		
 M3	• Plastic fiber • 0.5 mm core diameter • STEELSKIN sheathing • Threaded Stainless steel	12 mm	DF-G1 50	1 m	PIT23TMB5M3
			DF-G2 140		
			DF-G3 510	2 m	PIT26TMB5M3
 M4	• Plastic fiber • 1 mm core diameter • STEELSKIN sheathing • Threaded Stainless steel • M2.5 threaded lens mount	12 mm	DF-G1 185	1 m	PIT43TMB5
			DF-G2 490		
			DF-G3 1775	2 m	PIT46TMB5
 M4	• Stainless monocoil jacket • 1 mm core diameter • Threaded Stainless Steel • M2.6 threaded lens mount	25 mm	DF-G1 240	1 m	PIT43TSL5-VL
			DF-G2 630		
			DF-G3 2300	2 m	PIT46TSL5-VL
 M4	• Stainless monocoil jacket • 1 mm core diameter • Threaded Stainless Steel • M2.6 threaded lens mount	25 mm	DF-G1 60	1 m	PIAT43TSL5TA-VL
			DF-G2 150		
			DF-G3 560	2 m	PIAT46TSL5TA-VL

* Typical range shown is with a 2 m model

** Smallest detectable object achievable with emitter and receiver spaced 50 mm apart

Diffuse Fibers

Fiber Head	Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Typical Range* (mm)	Fiber Length	Model
 M6	- Plastic fiber 0.5 mm core diameter - STEELSKIN sheathing - Threaded Stainless steel	12 mm	DF-G1 40	1 m	PBAT43TMB5MTA
			DF-G2 110	2 m	PBAT46TMB5MTA
			DF-G3 400		
 M3	- Coaxial Plastic fiber 0.5 mm & 9 x 0.25 mm core diameter - STEELSKIN sheathing - Threaded Stainless steel	12 mm	DF-G1 30	1 m	PBCT23TMB5
			DF-G2 75	2 m	PBCT26TMB5
			DF-G3 275		
 M4	- Coaxial Plastic fiber 0.5 mm & 9 x 0.25 mm core diameter - STEELSKIN sheathing - Threaded Stainless steel	12 mm	DF-G1 30	1 m	PBCT23TMB5M4
			DF-G2 75	2 m	PBCT26TMB5M4
			DF-G3 275		
 M4	- Coaxial Plastic fiber 0.5 mm & 9 x 0.25 mm core diameter - STEELSKIN sheathing - Threaded Stainless steel	12 mm	DF-G1 20	1 m	PBCT23TMB5MTA
			DF-G2 55	2 m	PBCT26TMB5MTA
			DF-G3 200		
	- Plastic fiber 1 mm core diameter - STEELSKIN sheathing 51 mm Stainless steel side-view probe	12 mm	DF-G1 35	1 m	PBPS43TMB5
			DF-G2 90	2 m	PBPS46TMB5
			DF-G3 340		
 M6	- Plastic fiber 1 mm core diameter - Stainless monocoil jacket - Threaded Stainless steel	25 mm	DF-G1 125	1 m	PBT43TSL5-VL
			DF-G2 325	2 m	PBT46TSL5-VL
			DF-G3 1190		
 M6	- Plastic fiber 1 mm core diameter - Stainless monocoil jacket - Threaded Stainless steel	25 mm	DF-G1 110	1 m	PBAT43TSL5TA-VL
			DF-G2 280	2 m	PBAT46TSL5TA-VL
			DF-G3 1030		
 M6	- Plastic fiber 1 mm core diameter - STEELSKIN sheathing - Threaded Stainless steel	12 mm	DF-G1 50	1 m	PBT43TMB5
			DF-G2 135	2 m	PBT46TMB5
			DF-G3 490		

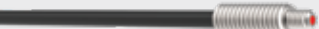
* Typical range shown is with a 2 m model



Tight Bend Fibers

- Minimal transmission loss under extreme bend radius
- Bend radius of 1-5 mm

Opposed Fibers

Fiber Head	Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Typical Range* (mm)	Fiber Length	Model
 M4	• 1 mm core diameter • Threaded Nickel plated brass • M2.5 threaded tip	2 mm	DF-G1 140	2 m ✂	PIAT46UHF
			DF-G2 365		
			DF-G3 1335		
 M4	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • 1 mm core diameter • Threaded stainless steel • M2.6 threaded tip	2 mm	DF-G1 190	1 m	PIAT43UHFTA-VL
			DF-G2 500	✂	
			DF-G3 1830	2 m	PIAT46UHFTA-VL
 M4	• 1 mm core diameter • Threaded stainless steel • M2.5 threaded tip	2 mm	DF-G1 155	2 m ✂	PIAT46UHFMFTA
			DF-G2 410		
			DF-G3 1500		

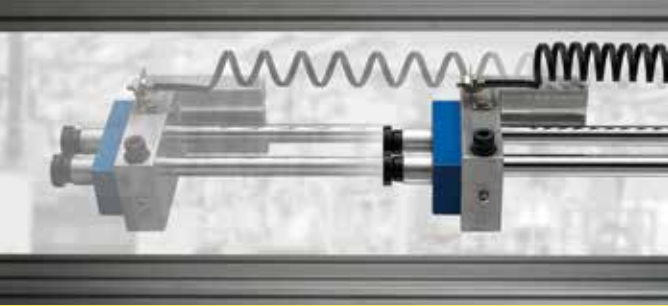
* Typical range shown is with a 2 m model

Diffuse Fibers

Fiber Head	Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Typical Range* (mm)	Fiber Length	Model
 M6	• 1 mm core diameter • Threaded Nickel plated brass	2 mm	DF-G1 35	2 m ✂	PBT46UHF
			DF-G2 90		
			DF-G3 330		
 M6	• Plastic fiber with flex relief • 1 mm core diameter • Threaded stainless steel	2 mm	DF-G1 55	1 m	PBAT43UHFTA-VL
			DF-G2 140	✂	
			DF-G3 515	2 m	PBAT46UHFTA-VL
 M4	• 1 mm core diameter • Threaded stainless steel	2 mm	DF-G1 45	2 m ✂	PBAT46UHFMFTA
			DF-G2 115		
			DF-G3 415		

✂ Cut to custom length

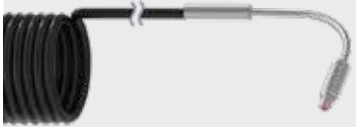
* Typical range shown is with a 2 m model



Retractable Fibers

- 10,000 or more repeat linear motion cycles
- Fiber is coiled to prevent tangle of loose cable

Opposed Fibers

Fiber Head	Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Typical Range (mm)	Fiber Length	Model
 M4	• 1 mm core diameter • 10,000+ flexes • Threaded stainless steel • M2.5 threaded tip	25 mm	DF-G1 200	2 m ✂	PIAT46UC
			DF-G2 525		
			DF-G3 1915		
 M4	• 1 mm core diameter • 10,000+ flexes • Nickel plated brass • 89 mm long probe tip	25 mm	DF-G1 200	2 m ✂	PIP46UC
			DF-G2 525		
			DF-G3 1915		
 M4	• 1 mm core diameter • 10,000+ flexes • Nickel plated brass • M2.5 threaded tip	25 mm	DF-G1 200	2 m ✂	PIT46UC
			DF-G2 525		
			DF-G3 1915		

Diffuse Fibers

Fiber Head	Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Typical Range (mm)	Fiber Length	Model
 M6	• 1 mm core diameter • 10,000+ flexes • Threaded Nickel plated brass • 89 mm long Stainless steel probe tip	25 mm	DF-G1 30	2 m ✂	PBP46UC
			DF-G2 80		
			DF-G3 285		
 M6	• 1 mm core diameter • 10,000+ flexes • Threaded stainless steel	25 mm	DF-G1 30	2 m ✂	PBT46UCMNF
			DF-G2 80		
			DF-G3 285		
 M6	• 1 mm core diameter • 10,000+ flexes • Stainless steel Ferrule tip	25 mm	DF-G1 30	2 m ✂	PBF46UC
			DF-G2 80		
			DF-G3 285		

✂ Cut to custom length



Tube Liquid Detection

- Detects liquid level through transparent tubing
- Includes mounting straps
- No contact with liquid

Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Fiber Length	Model
• Plastic convergent fiber • 1 mm core diameter • Compatible with 2 mm-25 mm tubes	2 mm	2 m	PDI46U-LLD
			
		5 m	PDI415U-LLD



Water Detection

- Opposed sensing solution
- Use with L2 lens and DF-G3LIR Fiber Amplifier

Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Fiber Length	Model*
• Glass opposed fiber • 1 mm core diameter • 12 mm M4 thread tip • Stainless Steel sheath	25 mm	1 m	IT43ST5-VL
		2 m	IT46ST5-VL

* Sold individually

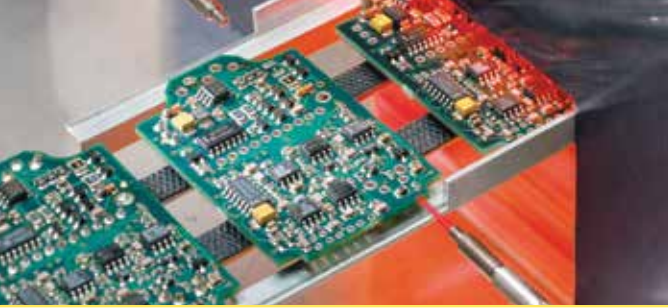


Probe Liquid Detection

- Teflon® encapsulated
- Output switches when tip immersed in liquid

Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Fiber Length	Model
• Plastic fiber • 1 mm core diameter • Probe length is 16.5 mm	2 mm	2 m	PBE46UTMLLP
			
		5 m	PBE415UTMLLP

 Cut to custom length



High Temperature

- Terminated for use in plastic fiber sensors
- Stainless steel sheathing for harsh environments
- Can withstand temperatures up to 315 °C

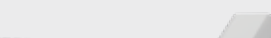
Opposed Fibers

Fiber Head	Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Typical Range* (mm)	Fiber Length	Model**
 M4	• Glass fiber • Rated 315° C at the tip • Stainless monocoil • Threaded Stainless steel • M2.5 threaded tip	25 mm	DF-G1 120	2 m	IMT.756.6S-HT
			DF-G2 320		
			DF-G3 1160		
 M4	• Glass fiber • Rated 249° C at the tip • Stainless monocoil • Threaded Stainless steel • M2.5 threaded tip	25 mm	DF-G1 205	1 m	IT43ST5-VL
			DF-G2 540	2 m	IT46ST5-VL
			DF-G3 1965		
 M4	• Glass fiber • Rated 249° C at the tip • Stainless monocoil • Threaded Stainless steel • M2.5 threaded tip	25 mm	DF-G1 255	1 m	IAT43ST5TA-VL
			DF-G2 665	2 m	IAT46ST5TA-VL
			DF-G3 2425		

* Typical range shown is with a 2 m model

** Sold individually

Diffuse Fibers

Fiber Head	Description	Minimum Bend Radius	Typical Range* (mm)	Fiber Length	Model
 M4	• Glass fiber • Rated 315° C at the tip • Stainless monocoil • Threaded Stainless steel	25 mm	DF-G1 60	1 m	BMT13.33S-HT
			DF-G2 160	2 m	BMT16.6S-HT
			DF-G3 580		
 M4	• Glass fiber • Rated 249° C at the tip • Stainless monocoil • Threaded Stainless steel	25 mm	DF-G1 70	1 m	BT63ST5-VL
			DF-G2 185	2 m	BT66ST5-VL
			DF-G3 675		
 M4	• Glass fiber • Rated 249° C at the tip • Stainless monocoil • Threaded Stainless steel	25 mm	DF-G1 80	1 m	BAT63ST5TA-VL
			DF-G2 210	2 m	BAT66ST5TA-VL
			DF-G3 765		

* Typical range shown is with a 2 m model

Fiber Accessories

Lenses

- Screw on lenses to focus the light beam even more
- Fixed/adjustable focus lenses have very small light spot for detecting small objects

Adjustable Focus	Opposed Fibers (for longer range)				Fixed Focus	
						
LZ3C8	L2	L2RA	L08FP		L4C6	L4C20
• Accepts M3 threaded fibers • Beam spot $\varnothing$ 0.5-3.2 mm	• Accepts M2.5 threaded fibers • Range extension	• Accepts M2.6 threaded fibers • 90° beam deflection • Range extension	• Accepts 2.2 mm outer diameter fiber jacket • M8 x 1.0 threaded acrylic lens		• Accepts M4 threaded fibers • Beam spot $\varnothing$ 0.25 mm @ 6 mm	• Accepts M4 threaded fibers • Beam spot $\varnothing$ 4 mm @ 20 mm

Brackets

			
SMBFP3	SMBFP4	SMBFP4N	SMBFP6
• Mounting hole for M3 threads • 304 Stainless Steel	• Mounting hole for M4 threads • 304 Stainless Steel	• Mounting hole for M4 threads • 304 Stainless Steel	• Mounting hole for M6 threads • 304 Stainless Steel

Plastic Fiber Cutter

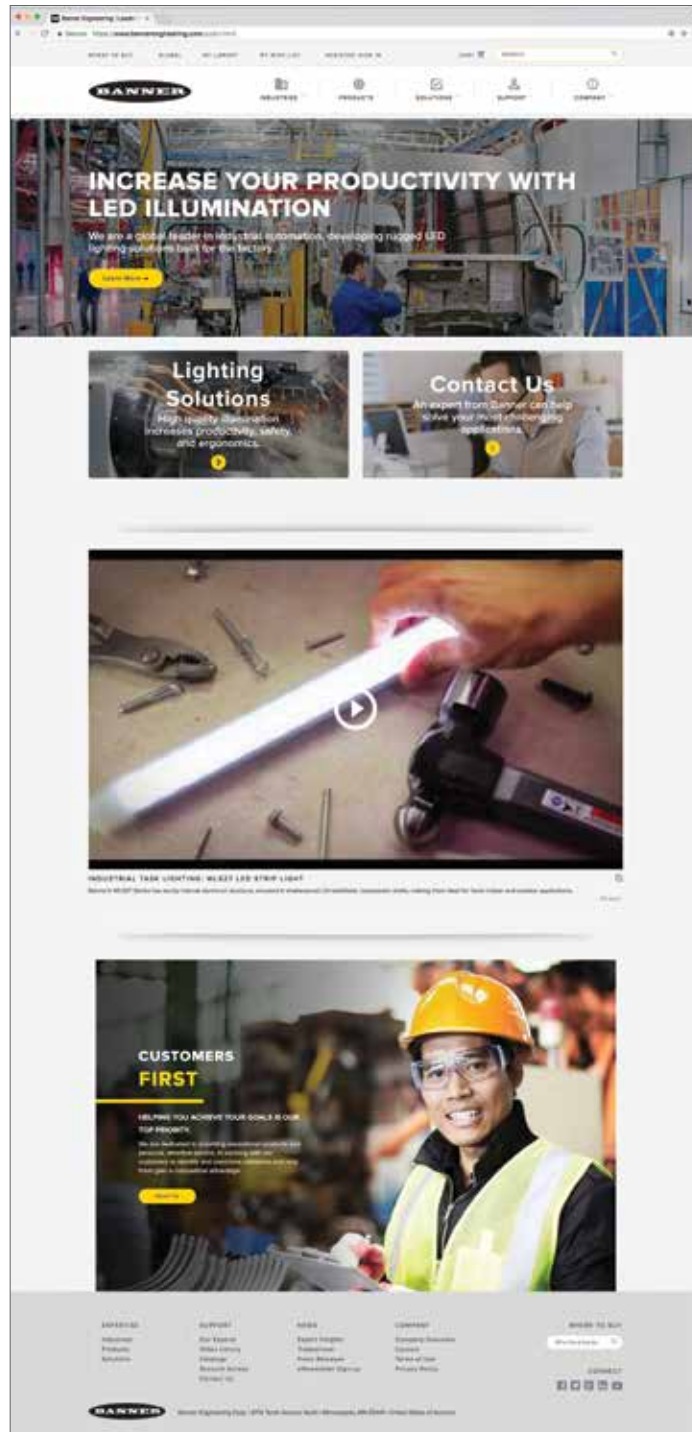


PFC-4 (qty 1)
PFC-4-100 (qty 100)

More Information Online

For the latest products, brackets, cordsets, accessories, and new solutions, find us on the web at www.bannerengineering.com.

You also have access to more detailed information such as engineering drawings, complete specifications, installation instructions, product configurators and product videos.





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